

# Outcome after childhood stroke

## Burden of disease for children and their families

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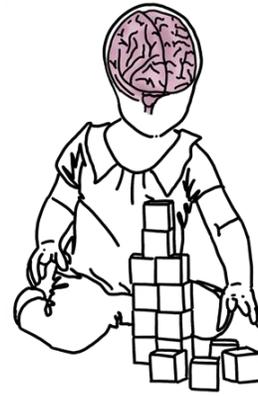
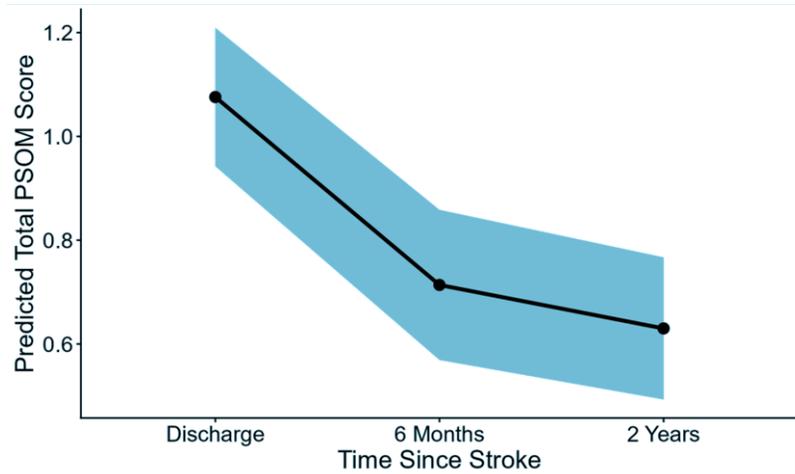
Switzerland



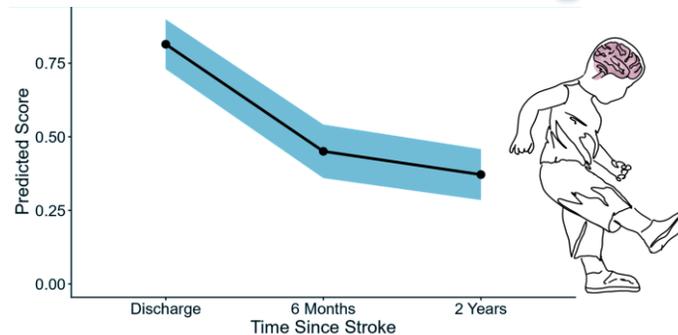
# Little folks - little strokes?

SNPSR 2 years after stroke

## Total PSOM recovery



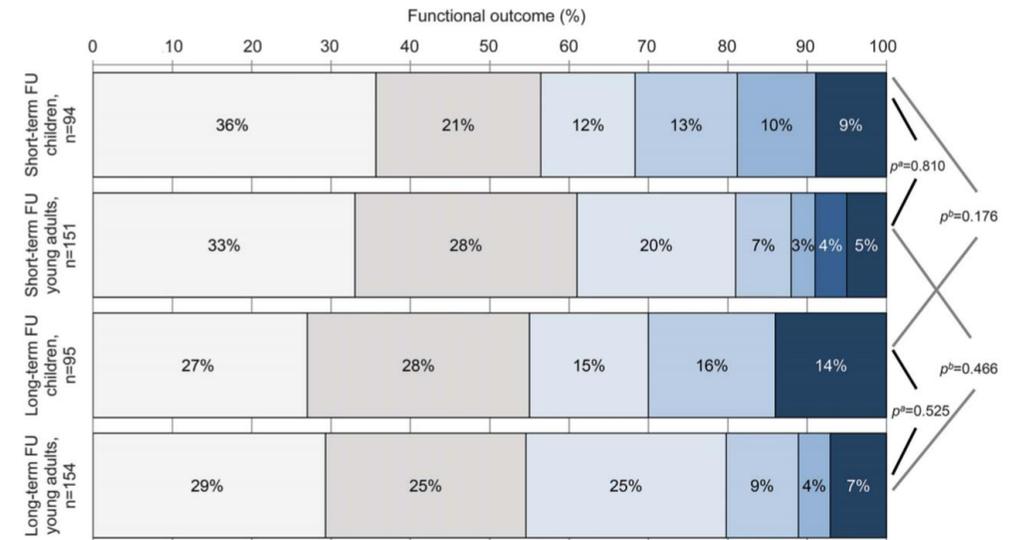
## Motor PSOM recovery



Mainly driven by motor recovery

## Children versus young adults

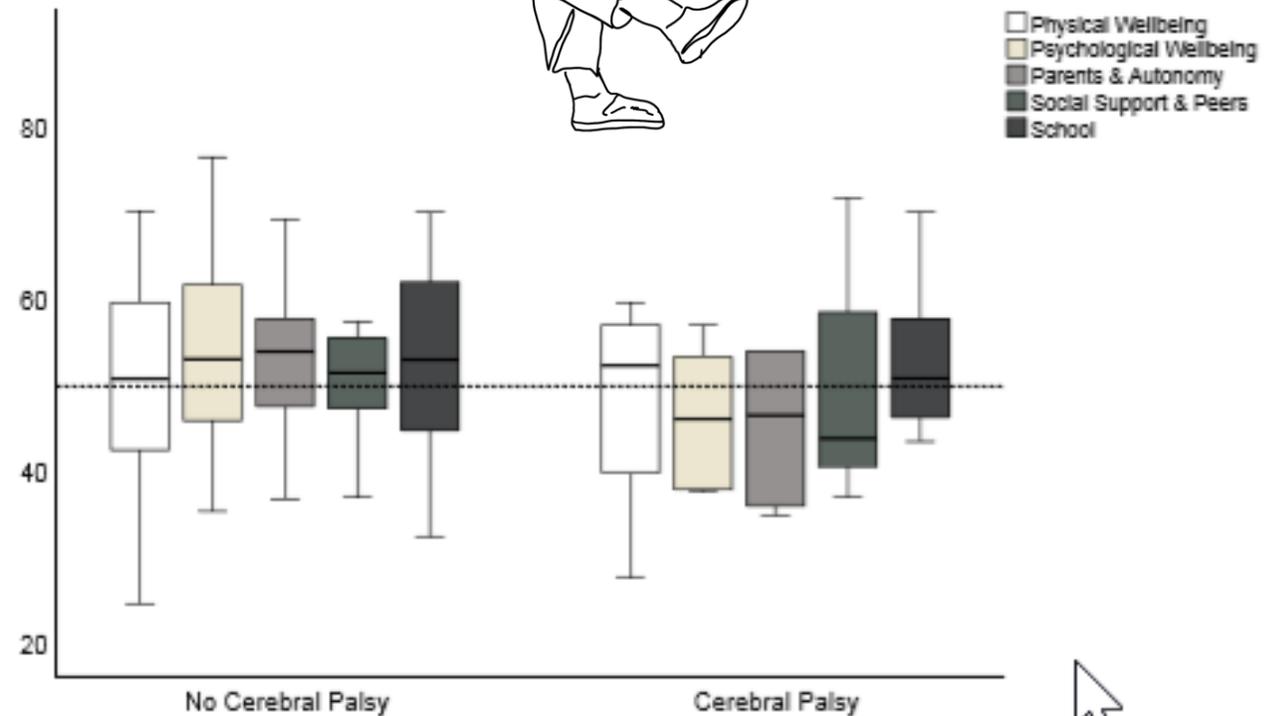
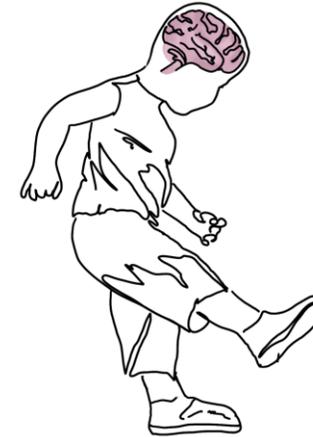
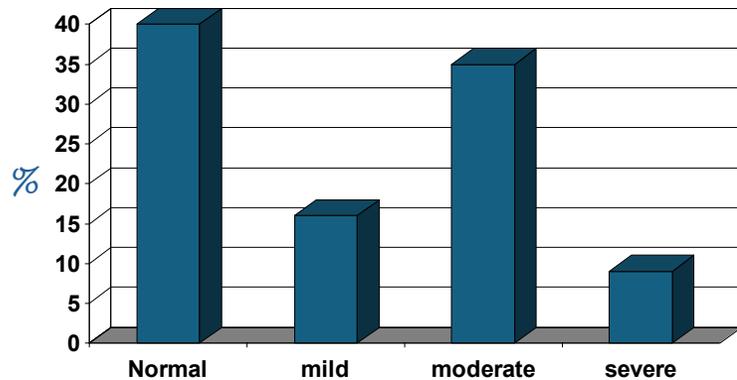
Figure 1 Short-term and long-term outcome in children and young adults, assessed with the modified Rankin Scale



# Motor handicaps interfere with social well being

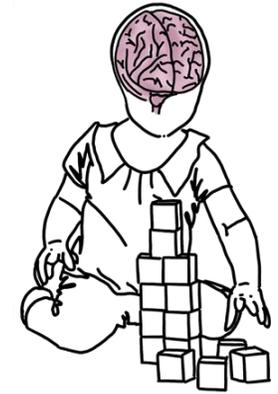
## SNPSR 2 years after stroke

### Neurologic sequelae (2 years) (hemiparesis)

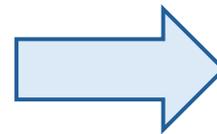
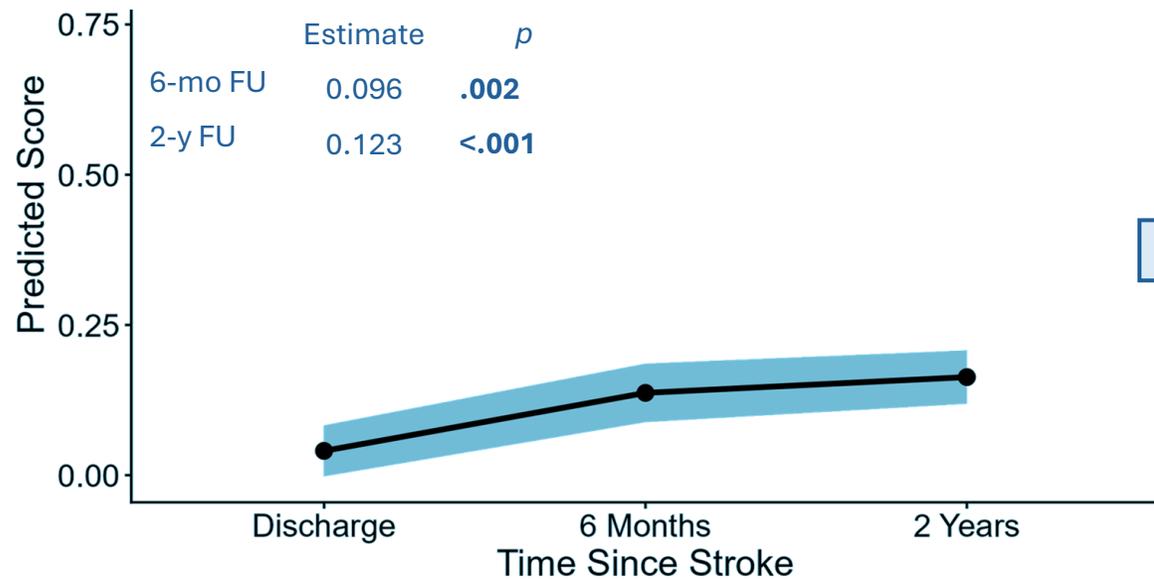


# Neurocognition after stroke

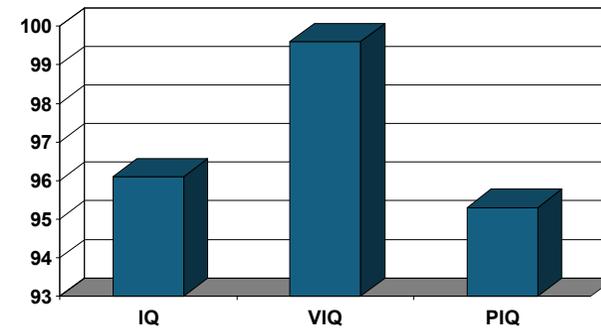
SNPSR – 2 years after stroke



## Cognitive / behaviour outcome



## Neurocognitive outcome (2 years)



$\Delta p = 0.121$   
 $\chi^2$ -test  
0.037\*\*

Most affected:

Processing speed

Auditive and short term memory

Visuospatial abilities

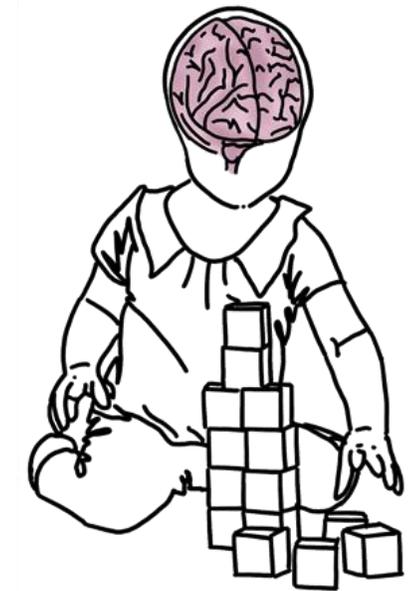
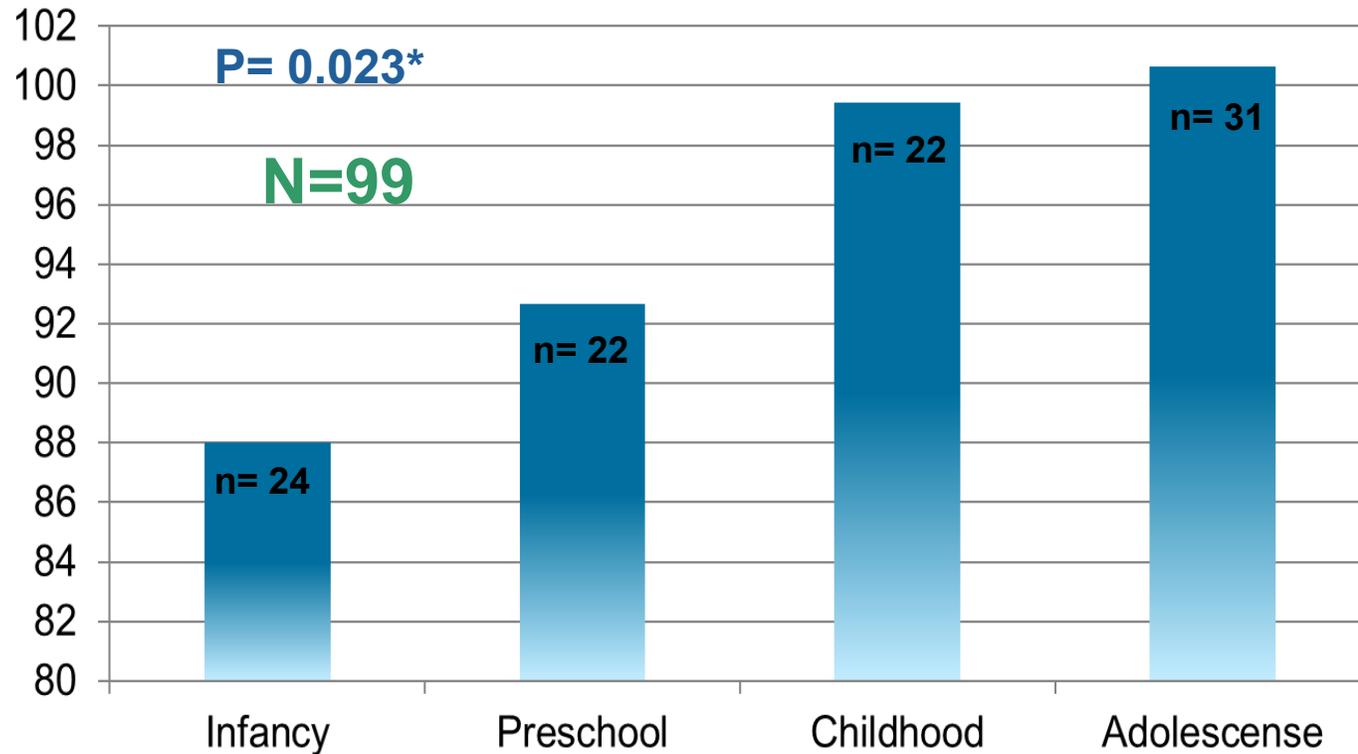
growing into deficit!!

co - problems as epilepsy, OSAS

# Little folks - little strokes?

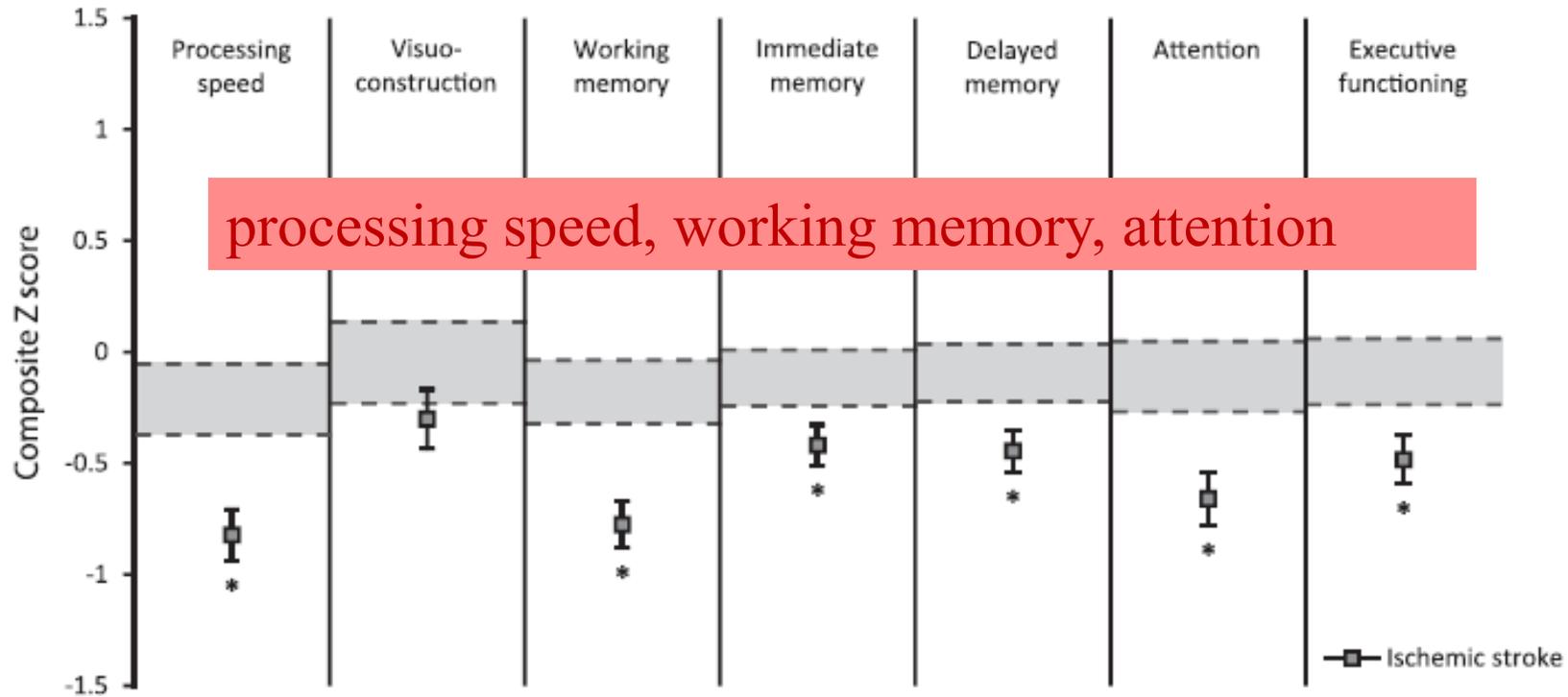
SNPSR 2 years after stroke

IQ



Studer , Neurology 2014; Scott 2013, Westmacott 2009

# Young stroke and cognitive outcome

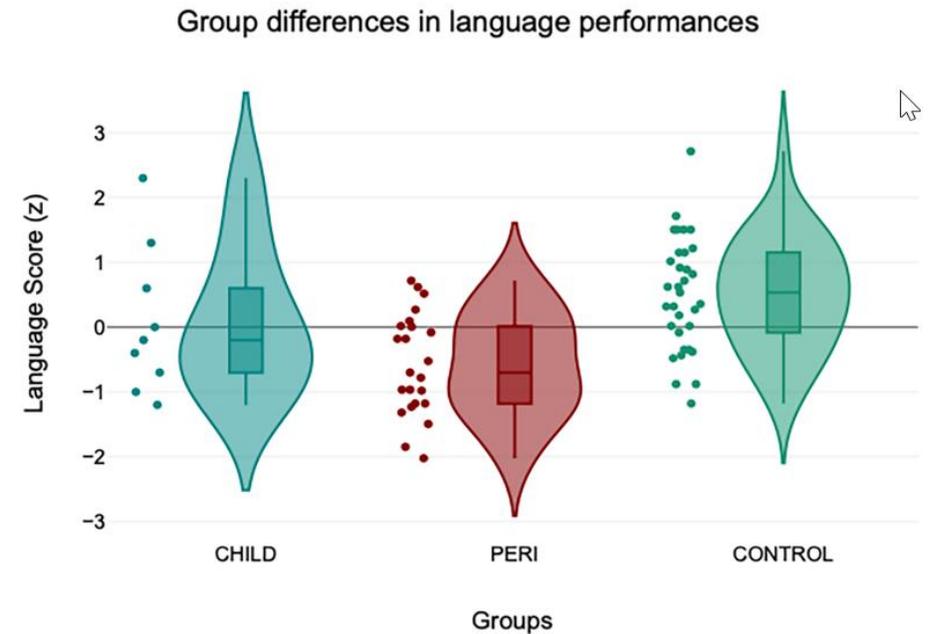
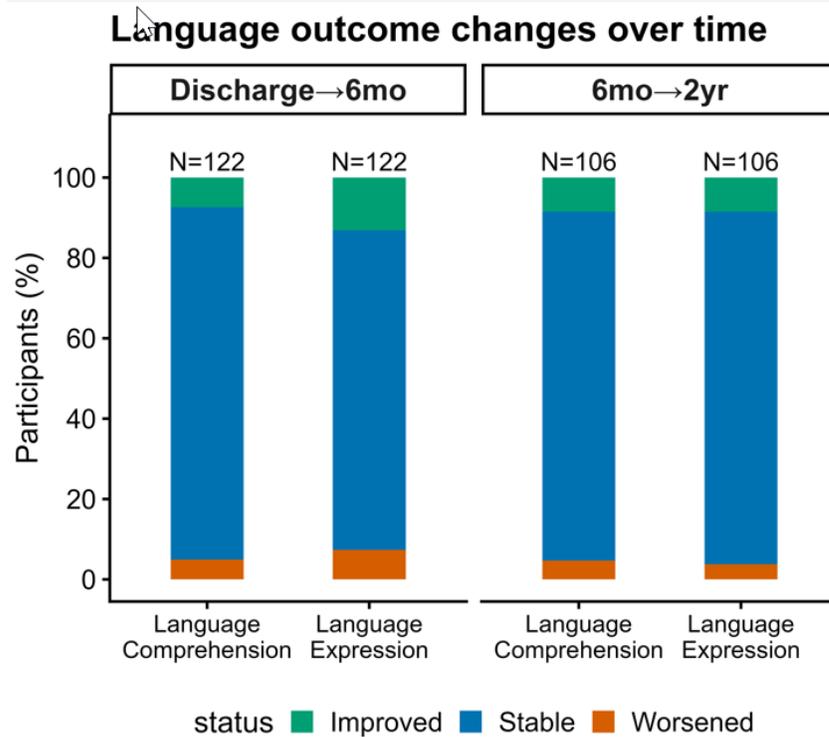


Longer follow up

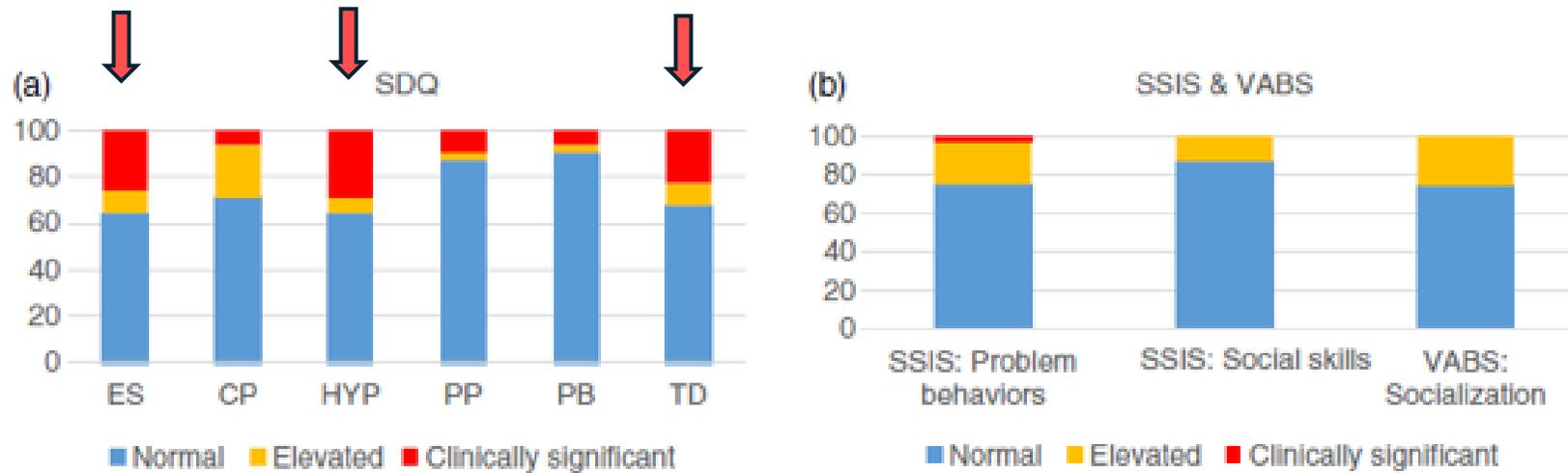
↓ immediate and delayed memory and executive functions

# Language after stroke

Dysphasia  
Aphasia  
  
40-50%  
  
Recovering  
in acute phase



# Psychosocial skills after childhood stroke



ES emotional problems  
 CP conduct problems  
 Hyp hyperactivity problems  
 PP peer problems  
 PB procsocial problems



Affecting family > school life

# Fatigue in childhood stroke

Present in 80%

More pronounced when depression or anxiety

Negative effect on:  
socialisation  
social skills  
participation with peers

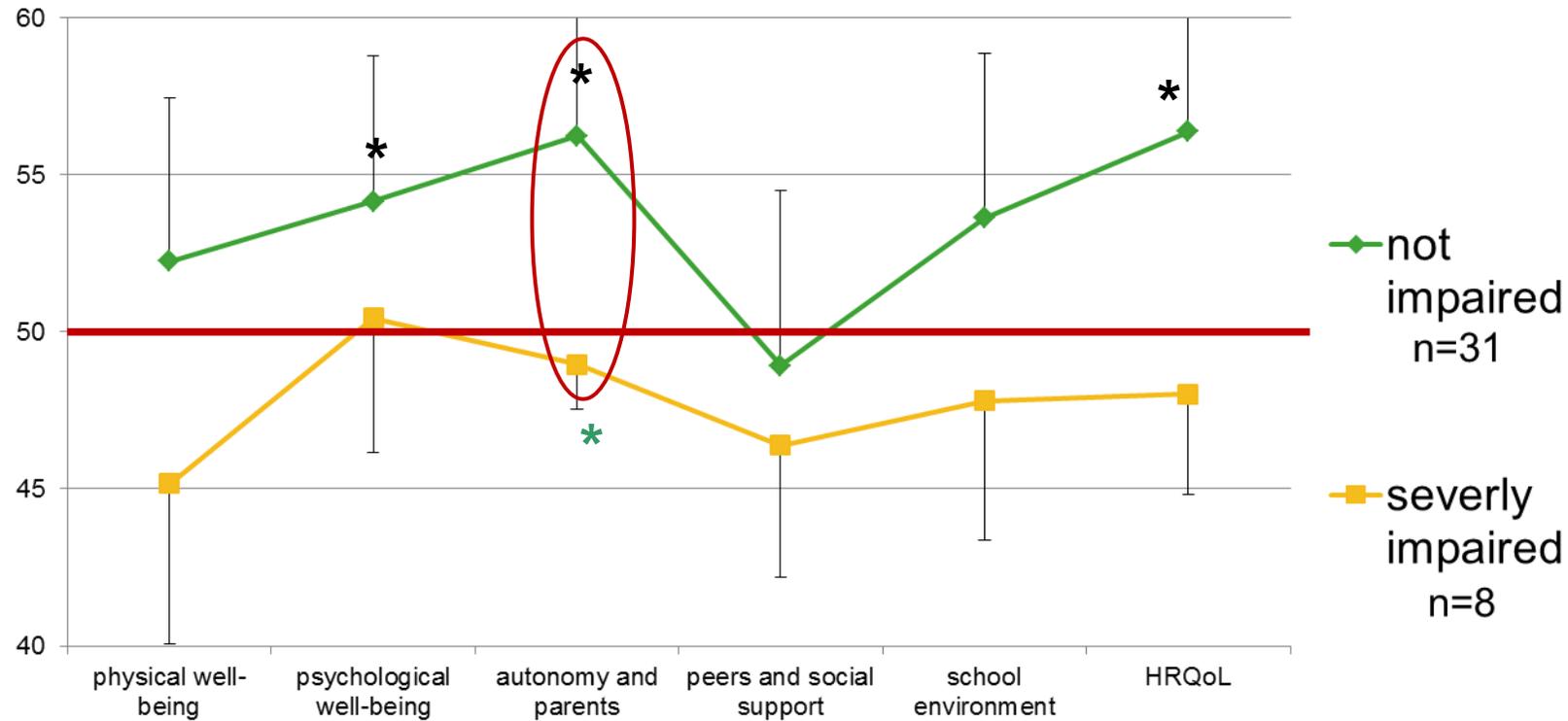
**Table 3** Association between fatigue and cognitive impairment

Cognitive domain	Association between impairment and fatigue; OR (95% CI)	p Value
Speed of information processing	2.2 (1.3 to 3.9)	0.006
Visuoconstruction	1.5 (0.8 to 2.8)	0.18
Working memory	2.3 (1.3 to 4.3)	0.007
Immediate memory	1.5 (0.8 to 2.9)	0.17
Delayed memory	0.7 (0.4 to 1.3)	0.25
Attention	1.6 (0.9 to 2.9)	0.12
Executive functioning	1.0 (0.6 to 1.9)	0.94

# Quality of life after stroke

2 years after stroke – rated by children

SNPSR

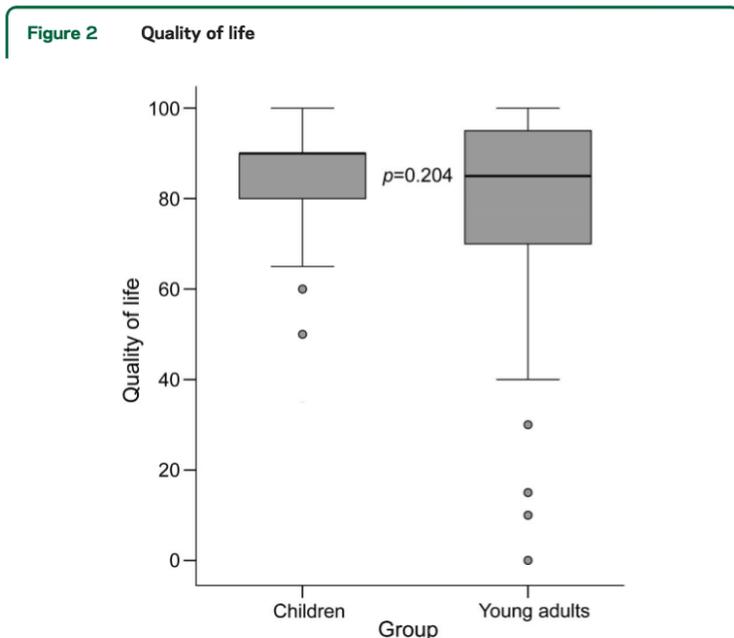


Canada

lowest HRQoL and pedQoL in children with poor neurological outcome

# Quality of life in young adults survivor of childhood stroke

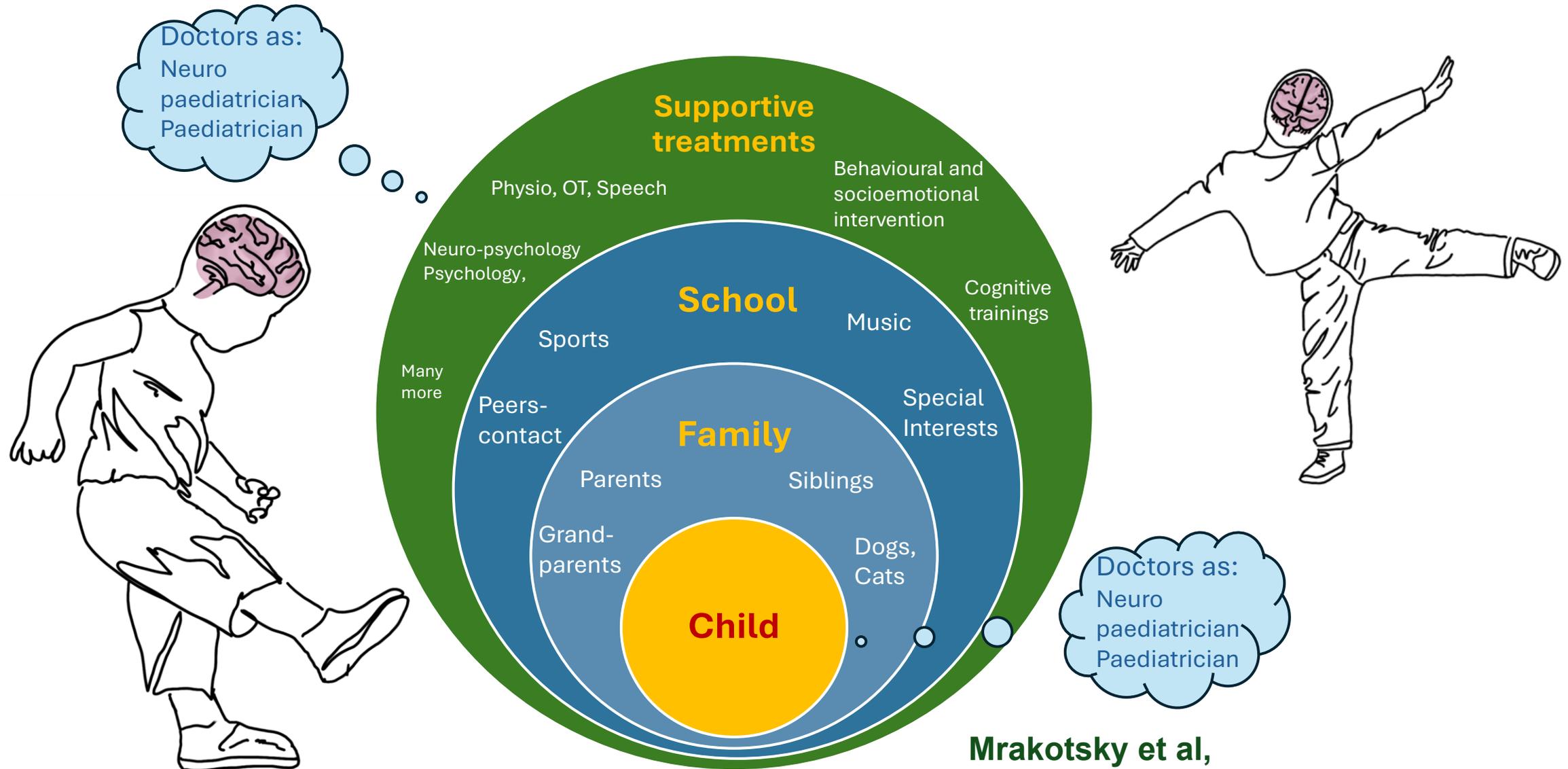
Little folks - little strokes?



Quality of life (QoL) rated on a continuous scale from 0 (very poor) to 100 (optimal) was assessed in 82 (100%) surviving children and 137 (96%) young adults at long-term follow-up. Median QoL was 90 (interquartile range [IQR] 80-90) in children and 85 (IQR 70-95) in young adults ( $p = 0.204$ ).  $p =$  Mann-Whitney  $U$  test, 2-sided significance.

Difference to controls	P-value
<b>SF 36: HRQOL</b>	
Physical functioning	0.055
All subscores	No difference
<b>FRSBe Executive functions</b>	
<b>Disinhibition</b>	<b>0.049</b>
All other subscores	No difference
Total	0.057
<b>BDI Depression</b>	
Total	0.123
All levels	No difference
<b>WEIMuS Fatigue</b>	
Physical, cognitive	No difference
total	0.171

# Support till integration into adult life



# Thanks to all who helped

Stroke team over the years  
Regula Everts  
Sandra Bigi  
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Martina Studer  
Salome Kofmel  
Tatia Aprasadize  
Salome Kofmel

And many more



**All the children and parents  
participating in the SNPSR  
and the many related studies**

## **Funders**

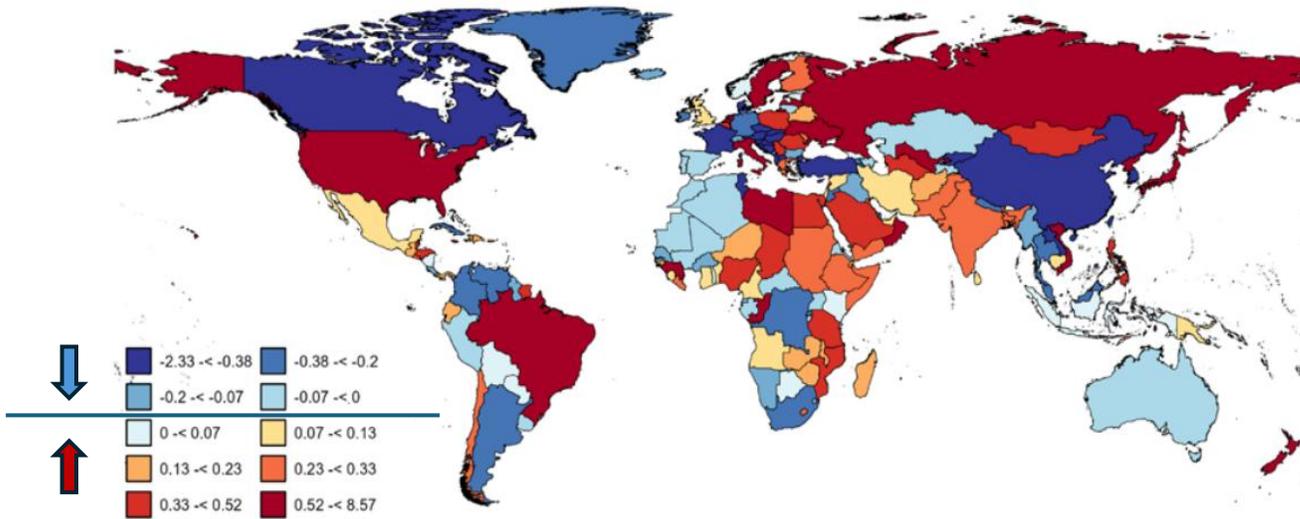
- Swiss National Science Foundation
- Stiftung Batzebär
- Schweizerische Stiftung Cerebral
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- Vinetum foundation
- Anna Müller Grocholski Foundation
- Novartis Research Foundation



Maria Regenyi  
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Gabriela Oesch

all Swiss collaborators of the  
Swiss Neuropaediatric  
Society

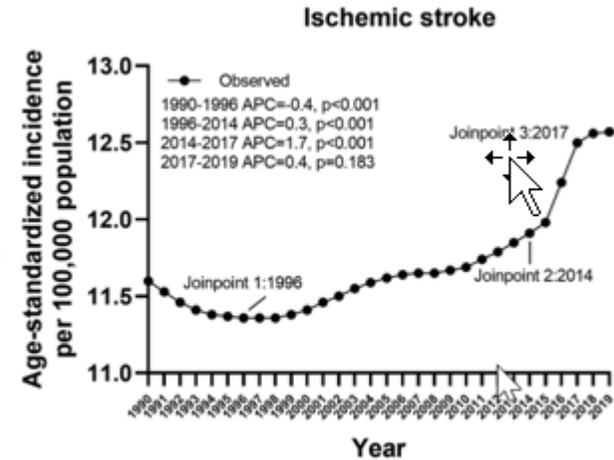
# Global Burden of disease 1990-2019



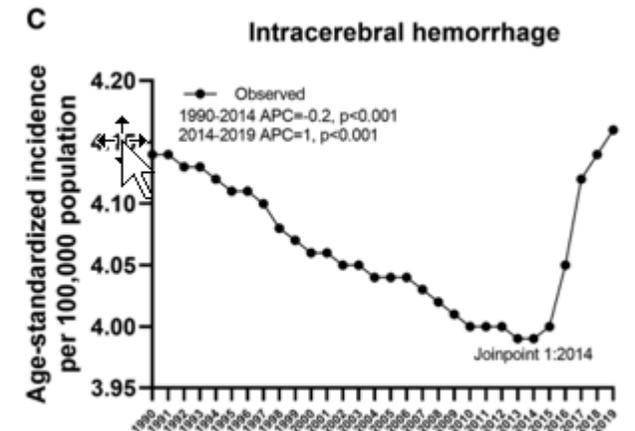
Children < 5y → highest incidence ischaemic stroke

Adolescents 15-19y → highest incidence haemorrhagic stroke

84% in low middle income countries → 93% of YLL

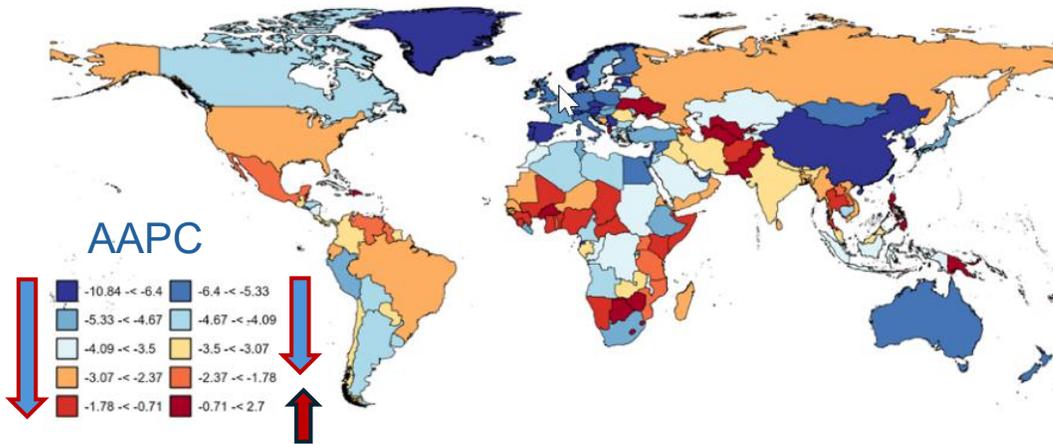


70% of all stroke



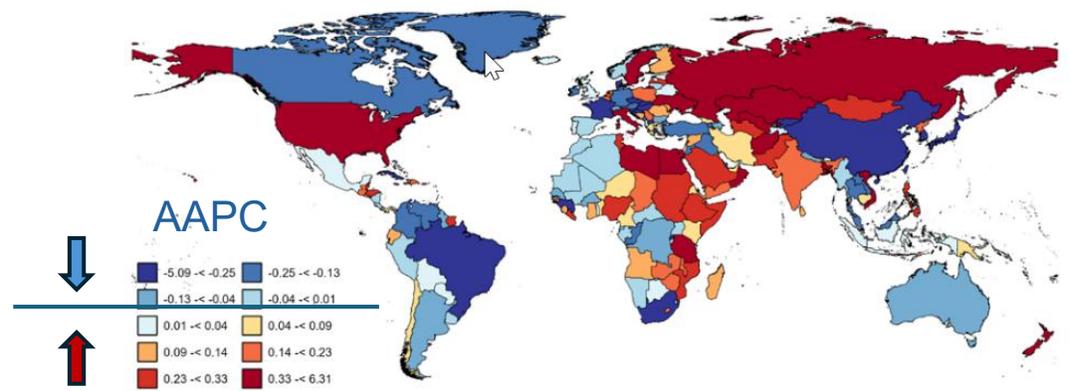
# Global Burden of disease 1990-2019

Year life lost YLL AAPC



In total numbers (95% UI)  
4'759'311 → 1'943'529 cases  
63% : haemorrhagic stroke

Year life with disability YLD AAPC



In total numbers (95% UI)  
457'285 → 548 678 cases  
20-21/100'000 children